

# Third Party Studies

## Summaries

## Table of Contents

2

### **NSF International - Applied Research Center**

Efficacy of an Ozone-Generating Whole-Shoe Disinfection Device at Three Time Points

3

### **Microchem Laboratory**

Antibacterial Activity and Efficacy of PathO3Gen Solutions' UVZone Shoe Sanitizing Station Device

4

### **CREM CO. Laboratory - Coronavirus**

Assessment of PathO3Gen Solutions Footwear Sanitizing Station for Decontaminating Hard, Non-Porous Environmental Surfaces: Testing against Human Respiratory Coronavirus 229E (ATCC VR-740) as a representative Healthcare-Associated Pathogen

5

### **CREM CO. Laboratory - Norovirus**

Assessment of PathO3Gen Solutions Ozone + UVC (UVZone) Shoe Sanitizing Station for Decontaminating Hard, Non-Porous Environmental Surfaces: Testing against Murine Norovirus (Strain S99) as a representative Healthcare-Associated Pathogen

6

### **University of Minnesota**

Inactivation of two swine viruses on shoes by UVZone Shoe Sanitizing Station



# NSF International - Applied Research Center

789 N. Dixboro Rd. Ann Arbor, MI 48015 | Report Date: August 23, 2019 | Performed By: S. Hatt

## Title

Efficacy of an Ozone-Generating Whole-Shoe Disinfection Device at Three Time Points

## Overview

An efficacy study was performed using a UV-C and ozone-generating device against *Escherichia coli*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*, Vancomycin-resistant *Enterococcus faecalis*, Carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, *Candida auris*, *Aspergillus brasiliensis*, and *Clostridioides difficile*. Log and percent reduction were quantified for each microorganism at three exposure times: 6, 8, and 10 seconds.

## Summary

### Challenge microorganisms:

- *Escherichia coli* ATCC 11229
- *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC BAA- 2108
- Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) ATCC 33592
- Vancomycin-resistant *Enterococcus faecalis* (VRE) ATCC 51299
- Carbapenem-resistant *Klebsiella pneumoniae* (CRE) ATCC BAA-1705
- *Candida auris* CDC B11903
- *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404
- *Clostridioides difficile* ATCC 43598

### Test Product:

- PathO3Gen Solutions UVZone® Shoe Sanitizing Station

## Results

Carrier density for each of the carriers inoculated with *E. coli* and exposed to the disinfection device. The results shown are the geomean of each of the carriers, which were plated in triplicate.

NSF INTERNATIONAL APPLIED RESEARCH CENTER			
Efficacy of an Ozone-Generating Whole-Shoe Disinfection Device at Three Time Points			
Organism	Time Point	Percent Reduction	Log reduction
<i>Escherichia coli</i> - ATCC 11229	6 seconds	99.1297%	2.06
	8 seconds	99.9725%	3.56
	10 seconds	99.9989%	4.96
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> - ATCC BAA- 2108	6 seconds	99.8287%	2.77
	8 seconds	99.9976%	4.62
	10 seconds	99.9970%	4.53
Methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> - ATCC 33592	6 seconds	99.8647%	2.87
	8 seconds	99.9842%	3.80
	10 seconds	99.9969%	4.51
Vancomycin-resistant <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> - ATCC 51299	6 seconds	98.5863%	1.85
	8 seconds	99.9865%	3.87
	10 seconds	99.9862%	3.86
Carbapenem-resistant <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> - ATCC BAA-1705	6 seconds	99.6384%	2.44
	8 seconds	99.9573%	3.37
	10 seconds	99.9986%	4.86
<i>Candida auris</i> - CDC B11903	6 seconds	99.9904%	4.02
	8 seconds	99.9974%	4.58
	10 seconds	99.9993%	5.16
<i>Aspergillus brasiliensis</i> - ATCC 16404	6 seconds	83.1453%	0.77
	8 seconds	89.8956%	1.00
	10 seconds	96.1744%	1.42
<i>Clostridioides difficile</i> - ATCC 43598	6 seconds	98.9140%	1.96
	8 seconds	99.9440%	3.25
	10 seconds	99.9960%	4.40

# Microchem Laboratory

Microchem Laboratory, 1304 W. Industrial Blvd, Round Rock, TX 78681

Testing performed by: Kyra Christensen Date Performed: 26th July 2022

## Title

Antibacterial Activity and Efficacy of Patho3gen Solutions' UVZone Shoe Sanitizing Station Device

## Overview

An efficacy study was performed using a UV-C and ozone-generating device against *Salmonella enterica*, *Cronobacter sakazakii*, *Listeria monocytogenes*. Log and percent reduction were quantified for each microorganism at three exposure times: 6, 8, and 10 seconds.

## Summary:

### Challenge microorganism:

- *Salmonella enterica* ATCC 10708
- *Cronobacter sakazakii* ATCC 29004
- *Listeria monocytogenes* ATCC 19115

### Test Product:

- PathO3Gen Solutions UVZone® Shoe Sanitizing Station

## Results

Microchem Laboratory			
Antibacterial Activity and Efficacy of Patho3gen Solutions' UVZone Shoe Sanitizing Station Device			
Organism	Time Point	Percent Reduction	Log reduction
<i>Salmonella enterica</i> ATCC 10708	6 seconds	99.9980%	>4.81
	8 seconds	99.9970%	>4.58
	10 seconds	99.9800%	>3.71
<i>Cronobacter sakazakii</i> ATCC 29004	6 seconds	>99.991%	>4.04
	8 seconds	>99.97%	>3.48
	10 seconds	>99.991	>4.04
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 19115	6 seconds	>99.95%	>3.29
	8 seconds	>99.994%	>4.21
	10 seconds	>99.9897	>3.99

## CREM CO. Laboratory - Human Coronavirus

3403 American Dr., Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4V 1T4 | Date Performed: March 20, 2020 |

Performed By: Syed A. Sattar, PhD; Bahram Zargar, PhD Sepideh Khoshnevis, MSC.

### **Title**

Assessment of PathO3Gen Solutions™ Footwear Sanitizing Station for Decontaminating Hard, Non-Porous Environmental Surfaces: Testing against Human Respiratory Coronavirus 229E (ATCC VR-740) as a representative Healthcare-Associated Pathogen

### **Overview**

An efficacy study was performed using a UV-C and ozone-generating device against Coronavirus 229E (ATCC VR-740). Log and percent reduction were quantified for each microorganism at three exposure times: 6, 8, and 10 seconds.

### **Summary:**

#### **Challenge microorganism:**

- Coronavirus 229E (ATCC VR-740)

#### **Test Product:**

- PathO3Gen Solutions UVZone® Shoe Sanitizing Station

### **Results**

The initial challenge on each carrier were 3.68, 3.73 and 3.65 log<sub>10</sub> PFU in three different tests performed on PathO3Gen Solutions Shoe Sanitizing Station.

Table 1 shows the result of log<sub>10</sub> reduction for each contact time. In this test, the drying time of inoculated disks was reduced to 1 hr. In all contact times the log<sub>10</sub> reduction was more than 3. **No plaque was detected for 8 and 10 seconds contact times.**

Virucidal Efficacy Test of PathO3Gen Solutions Shoe Sanitizing Station against Coronavirus 229E (ATCC VR-740) with three different contact times					
Contact Time	Log Reduction in PFU				% Reduction
	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Average of Three Tests	Average of Three Tests
6 seconds	3.07	3.28	3.42	3.27	99.9463%
8 seconds	3.68	3.73	3.65	3.69	99.9796%
10 seconds	3.68	3.73	3.65	3.69	99.9796%

# CREM CO. Laboratory - Norovirus

CREM Co. Labs. Units 1-2, 3403 American Dr., Mississauga, Ontario,  
Canada L4V 1T4 | Date Performed: February 22, 2021

## Title

Assessment of PathO3Gen Solutions Ozone + UVC (UVZone) Shoe Sanitizing Station for Decontaminating Hard, Non-Porous Environmental Surfaces: Testing against Murine Norovirus (Strain S99) as a representative Healthcare-Associated Pathogen

## Overview

An efficacy study was performed using a UV-C and ozone-generating device against Murine Norovirus (Strain S99). Log and percent reduction were quantified for each microorganism at three exposure times: 6, 8, and 10 seconds.

## Summary:

### Challenge microorganism:

- Murine Norovirus (Strain S99)

### Test Product:

- PathO3Gen Solutions UVZone® Shoe Sanitizing Station

## Results

The initial levels of challenge on each carrier were 4.15, 4.36 and 4.41 log<sub>10</sub> PFU in three different tests performed on PathO3Gen Solutions Shoe Sanitizing Station.

Table 1 shows the result of log<sub>10</sub> reductions for each contact time. In this test, the drying time of inoculated disks was reduced to 1 hr. In all contact times the log<sub>10</sub> reduction was more than 4.31. **No plaque was detected for 6, 8 and 10 seconds contact times.**

Table 1: Virucidal Efficacy Test of PathO3Gen Solutions Shoe Sanitizing Station against Murine Norovirus (Strain S99) with three different contact times

Contact Time	Log Reduction in PFU			
	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Average of Three Tests
6 seconds	>4.15	>4.36	>4.41	>4.31
8 seconds	>4.15	>4.36	>4.41	>4.31
10 seconds	>4.15	>4.36	>4.41	>4.31



# University of Minnesota

Author(s): Angie Quiñonez Muñoz, Trisha Sharma, Madeeha Gohar, Faisal Ahmad, Cesar Corzo, Sagar M. Goyal - Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory and Department of Veterinary Population Medicine, College of Veterinary Medicine

## Title

Inactivation of two swine viruses on shoes by UVZone Shoe Sanitizing Station

## Overview

The objective of this study was to assess the inactivation rate of PRRSv and PEDv on rubber soles and polyblend boot material by the UVZone Shoe Sanitizing Station.

## Experimental

### Challenge microorganisms:

- Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome virus (PRRSv)
- Porcine Epidemic Diarrhea virus (PEDv)

### Test Product:

- PathO3Gen Solutions UVZone® Shoe Sanitizing Station

## Results

On an average,  $\geq 99\%$  of the PRRSv was inactivated on both rubber sole and polyblend boot material. In addition, an average of 98.55 % and  $\geq 99\%$  of PEDv was inactivated on rubber sole and polyblend material, respectively.

These findings demonstrate the efficacy of UVZone Stations in inactivating swine pathogens in shoe materials and its potential use to enhance biosecurity practices in swine farms.

**Table 1.** Inactivation of PRRSV on polyblend boot material after 8 seconds of exposure

	Log Reduction	% inactivation
Coupon 1	<b>3.30</b>	<b>99.95</b>
Coupon 2	<b>3.30</b>	<b>99.95</b>
Coupon 3	<b>3.30</b>	<b>99.95</b>
Coupon 4	<b>4.00</b>	<b>99.99</b>
Average	<b>3.40</b>	<b>99.96</b>

**Table 2.** Inactivation of PEDV on polyblend boot material after 8 seconds of exposure

	Log Reduction	% inactivation
Coupon 1	<b>2.34</b>	<b>99.54</b>
Coupon 2	<b>1.67</b>	<b>97.86</b>
Coupon 3	<b>2.33</b>	<b>99.53</b>
Coupon 4	<b>3.00</b>	<b>99.90</b>
Average	<b>2.33</b>	<b>99.53</b>